

SERIES AND SIGMA NOTATION (Σ)

1 Write expansions of the series defined by the following:

(a) $\sum_{k=1}^4 k^2$

(b) $\sum_{r=0}^5 3^r$

(c) $\sum_{k=1}^p (2k-1)$

(d) $\sum_{k=1}^5 k(k+1)$

a) $\sum_{k=1}^4 k^2 = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2$

b) $\sum_{r=0}^5 3^r = 3^0 + 3^1 + 3^2 + 3^3 + 3^4 + 3^5$

c) $\sum_{k=1}^p (2k-1) = 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + \dots + (2p-1)$

d) $\sum_{k=1}^5 k(k+1) = 1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 4 + 4 \times 5 + 5 \times 6$

(e) $\sum_{r=1}^8 r x^r$

(f) $\sum_{r=1}^k \frac{1}{x^r}$

(g) $\sum_{k=1}^p (2k+1)^2$

(h) $\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} (3k-2)$

e) $\sum_{r=1}^8 r x^r = 1x^1 + 2x^2 + 3x^3 + 4x^4 + 5x^5 + 6x^6 + 7x^7 + 8x^8$

f) $\sum_{r=1}^k \frac{1}{x^r} = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^3} + \dots + \frac{1}{x^k}$

g) $\sum_{k=1}^p (2k+1)^2 = 3^2 + 5^2 + 7^2 + 9^2 + \dots + (2p+1)^2$

h) $\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} (3k-2) = 1 + 4 + 7 + 10 + \dots + (3n-2) + (3n+1)$

2 Indicate whether each statement below is a correct or an incorrect expression for $1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^{10}$.

(a) $\sum_{n=0}^{10} x^n$

(b) $\sum_{n=1}^{10} x^n$ X

(c) $\sum_{n=1}^{11} x^{n-1}$

(d) $\sum_{n=1}^{10} x^{n-1}$ X

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3 Use sigma notation to represent each of the following:

(a) $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 9^2$ (b) $1 \times 3 + 2 \times 4 + 3 \times 5 + \dots + 10 \times 12$ (c) $1 + 6 + 11 + \dots + (5p - 4)$

$$a) 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 9^2 = \sum_{k=1}^9 k^2$$

$$b) 1 \times 3 + 2 \times 4 + 3 \times 5 + \dots + 10 \times 12 = \sum_{n=1}^{10} n(n+2)$$

$$c) 1 + 6 + 11 + \dots + (5p - 4) = \sum_{n=1}^p (5n - 4)$$

\uparrow (d) $\frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{p(p+1)}$ (e) $2x^2 + 3x^3 + 4x^4 + \dots + 12x^{12}$ (f) $a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1}$

$$d) \frac{1}{2 \times 3} + \frac{1}{3 \times 4} + \frac{1}{4 \times 5} + \dots + \frac{1}{p(p+1)} = \sum_{n=2}^p \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$$

$$e) 2x^2 + 3x^3 + 4x^4 + \dots + 12x^{12} = \sum_{n=2}^{12} nx^n$$

$$f) a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1} = a(1 + r + r^2 + \dots + r^{n-1})$$

$$= a \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} r^k$$

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4 Evaluate: (a) $\sum_{n=1}^4 n^2$ (b) $\sum_{n=1}^6 (2n+1)$ (c) $\sum_{k=1}^4 (3k-2)$ (d) $\sum_{r=1}^4 2^r$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \sum_{n=1}^4 n^2 &= 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 \\ &= 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 = 30 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \sum_{n=1}^6 (2n+1) &= 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 \\ &= 48 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \sum_{k=1}^4 (3k-2) &= 1 + (6-2) + (9-2) + (12-2) \\ &= 1 + 4 + 7 + 10 = 22 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \sum_{r=1}^4 2^r &= 2^1 + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 \\ &= 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 \\ &= 30 \end{aligned}$$

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(e) $\sum_{n=0}^5 n^2$

(f) $\sum_{n=0}^5 (2n-1)$

(g) $\sum_{n=1}^4 (n^2+n)$

(h) $\sum_{n=1}^6 (12-3n)$

(i) $\sum_{r=1}^4 r^r$

e) $\sum_{n=0}^5 n^2 = 0^2 + 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2$
 $\quad = 0 + 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + 25 = 55$

f) $\sum_{n=0}^5 (2n-1) = (-1) + 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9$
 $\quad = 24$

g) $\sum_{n=1}^4 (n^2+n) = (1^2+1) + (2^2+2) + (3^2+3) + (4^2+4)$
 $\quad = 2 + 6 + 12 + 20 = 40$

h) $\sum_{n=1}^6 (12-3n) = (12-3 \times 1) + (12-3 \times 2) + (12-3 \times 3)$
 $\quad \quad \quad + (12-3 \times 4) + (12-3 \times 5) + (12-3 \times 6)$
 $\quad = 9 + 6 + 3 + 0 + (-3) + (-6)$
 $\quad = 9$

i) $\sum_{r=1}^4 r^r = 1^1 + 2^2 + 3^3 + 4^4$
 $\quad = 1 + 4 + 27 + 256$
 $\quad = 288$