

STANDARD FACTORISATIONS

Factorise:

$$1 \quad m^2 - 1 \\ = (m-1)(m+1)$$

$$2 \quad x^2 - 16 \\ = (x-4)(x+4)$$

$$3 \quad 64 - m^2 \\ = (8-m)(8+m)$$

$$4 \quad 9a^2 - 25 \\ = (3a-5)(3a+5)$$

$$5 \quad x^2 - 0.36 \\ = (x-0.6)(x+0.6)$$

$$6 \quad a^2b^2 - c^2 \\ = (ab-c)(ab+c)$$

$$7 \quad 9x^2 - 4y^2 \\ = (3x-2y)(3x+2y)$$

$$8 \quad (x+1)^2 - 9 \\ = (x+1-3)(x+1+3) \\ = (x-2)(x+4)$$

$$9 \quad x^2 - y^2z^2 \\ = (x-yz)(x+yz)$$

$$10 \quad \frac{a^2}{25} - 1 \\ = \left(\frac{a}{5} - 1\right)\left(\frac{a}{5} + 1\right)$$

$$11 \quad p^2 - \frac{1}{4} \\ = \left(p - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(p + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$12 \quad \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{1}{9} \\ = \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$17 \quad a^3b - ab^3 \\ = ab(a^2 - b^2) \\ = ab(a-b)(a+b)$$

$$18 \quad 12a^3 - 3ab^2 \\ = 3a(4a^2 - b^2) \\ = 3a(2a-b)(2a+b)$$

$$19 \quad 3x^2y - 27y \\ = 3y[x^2 - 9] \\ = 3y(x-3)(x+3)$$

$$20 \quad (x+y)^2 - 4 \\ = (x+y-2)(x+y+2)$$

$$21 \quad a^2 - (a-b)^2 \\ = [a - (a-b)][a + (a-b)] \\ = b(2a-b)$$

$$22 \quad x^3 - x^2y - 9x + 9y \\ = x^2(x-y) - 9(x-y) \\ = (x-y)(x^2-9) \\ = (x-y)(x-3)(x+3)$$

$$23 \quad x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 12 \\ = x^2(x+3) - 4(x+3) \\ = (x+3)(x^2-4) \\ = (x+3)(x-2)(x+2)$$

$$24 \quad p^2q - p^2 - 16q + 16 \\ = p^2(q-1) - 16(q-1) \\ = (q-1)(p^2-16) \\ = (q-1)(p-4)(p+4)$$

$$25 \quad a^2x - x \\ = x(a^2-1) \\ = x(a-1)(a+1)$$

$$26 \quad 48a^2 - 75b^2 \\ = 3(16a^2 - 25b^2) \\ = 3(4a-5b)(4a+5b)$$

$$27 \quad (1+h)^2 - 1 \\ = (1+h-1)(1+h+1) \\ = h(h+2)$$

$$28 \quad \frac{x^2}{25} - y^2 \\ = \left(\frac{x}{5} - y\right)\left(\frac{x}{5} + y\right)$$

29 When $(p+2)^2 - (p-2)^2$ is factorised, the answer is:

A $2p^2 + 8$

B $-8p$

C $2p^2 - 8$

D $8p$

$$= [p+2 - (p-2)][p+2 + (p-2)] \\ = 4 \times 2p$$

30 Indicate whether each answer is a correct or incorrect factorisation of $\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{b^2}{a^2}$.

(a) $\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)\left(\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a}\right)$ (b) $\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)\left(\frac{b}{a} + \frac{a}{b}\right)$ (c) $\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)$ (d) $\frac{(a-b)(a+b)(a^2+b^2)}{a^2b^2}$

$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{b^2}{a^2} = \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{b}{a}\right)\left(\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a}\right) = \left(\frac{a^2 - b^2}{ab}\right)\left(\frac{a^2 + b^2}{ab}\right) \\ = \frac{(a-b)(a+b)(a^2+b^2)}{a^2b^2}$$

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31 $y^3 - 125$

32 $z^3 + 1$

33 $8p^3 + 27$

34 $216 - a^3$

$$y^3 - 125 = y^3 - 5^3 = (y-5)(y^2 + 5y + 25)$$

$$z^3 + 1 = z^3 + 1^3 = (z+1)(z^2 - z + 1)$$

$$8p^3 + 27 = (2p)^3 + 3^3 = (2p+3)(4p^2 - 6p + 9)$$

$$216 - a^3 = 6^3 - a^3 = (6-a)(36 + 6a + a^2)$$

A

35 $(x+5)^3 + (x-2)^3$

36 $(2x+3)^3 - (x-4)^3$

37 $b^6 - a^6$

38 $64a^3 + 8b^3$

$$(x+5)^3 + (x-2)^3 = [x+5 + (x-2)][(x+5)^2 - (x+5)(x-2) + (x-2)^2]$$

$$= [2x+3][x^2 + x(10-3-4) + 25 + 10 + 4]$$

$$= (2x+3)(x^2 + 3x + 39)$$

$$(2x+3)^3 - (x-4)^3 = [2x+3 - (x-4)][(2x+3)^2 + (2x+3)(x-4) + (x-4)^2]$$

$$= (x+7)[4x^2 + 2x^2 + x^2 + x(12-5-8) + 9 - 12 + 16]$$

$$= (x+7)(7x^2 - x + 13)$$

$$b^6 - a^6 = (b^2 - a^2)(b^4 + a^2b^2 + a^4)$$

$$= (b-a)(b+a)(b^4 + a^2b^2 + a^4)$$

$$64a^3 + 8b^3 = 8[8a^3 + b^3] = 8((2a)^3 + b^3)$$

$$= 8[(2a+b)(4a^2 - 2ab + b^2)]$$

STANDARD FACTORISATIONS

39 $\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 - \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

40 $p^7x^4 - p^4x^7$

41 $x^6 + y^6$

42 $\frac{8}{a^3} - \frac{27}{b^3}$

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 - \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi(R^3 - r^3) = \frac{4}{3}\pi(R-r)(R^2 + rR + r^2)$$

$$p^7x^4 - p^4x^7 = p^4x^4(p^3 - x^3) = p^4x^4(p-x)(p^2 + xp + x^2)$$

$$x^6 + y^6 = (x^2)^3 + (y^2)^3 = (x^2 + y^2)(x^4 - x^2y^2 + y^4)$$

$$\frac{8}{a^3} - \frac{27}{b^3} = \left(\frac{2}{a}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{3}{b}\right)^3 = \left[\frac{2}{a} - \frac{3}{b}\right] \left[\frac{4}{a^2} + \frac{6}{ab} + \frac{9}{b^2}\right]$$

43 $a^3m^3 + a^3n^3 - b^3n^3 - b^3m^3$

44 $4x^5 - 9x^3 - 4x^2 + 9$

45 $(x+h)^3 - x^3$

$$\begin{aligned} a^3m^3 + a^3n^3 - b^3n^3 - b^3m^3 &= a^3(m^3 + n^3) - b^3(n^3 + m^3) \\ &= (m^3 + n^3)(a^3 - b^3) \\ &= (m+n)(m^2 - mn + n^2)(a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x^5 - 9x^3 - 4x^2 + 9 &= x^3(4x^2 - 9) - (4x^2 - 9) \\ &= (4x^2 - 9)(x^3 - 1) \\ &= (2x-3)(2x+3)(x-1)(x^2 + x + 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x+h)^3 - x^3 &= [(x+h) - x][(x+h)^2 + (x+h)x + x^2] \\ &= h[3x^2 + x(2h+h) + h^2] \\ &= h[3x^2 + 3hx + h^2] \end{aligned}$$

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46 $a^3 + (a-b)^3$

$$\begin{aligned} a^3 + (a-b)^3 &= [a + (a-b)][a^2 - a(a-b) + (a-b)^2] \\ &= [2a-b][a^2 + ab - 2ab + b^2] \\ &= (2a-b)(a^2 - ab + b^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a+b)^3 - (a-b)^3 &= [(a+b) - (a-b)][(a+b)^2 + (a+b)(a-b) + (a-b)^2] \\ &= 2b[3a^2 + 2ab - 2ab + b^2] = 2b[3a^2 + b^2] \\ (2x+1)^3 - (2x-1)^3 &= [2x+1 - (2x-1)][(2x+1)^2 + (2x+1)(2x-1) + (2x-1)^2] \\ &= 2[12x^2 + 4x - 4x + 1 - 1 + 1] \\ &= 2[12x^2 + 1] \end{aligned}$$

49 $8 - (2-x)^3$

$$\begin{aligned} 8 - (2-x)^3 &= 2^3 - (2-x)^3 = [2 - (2-x)][2 + 2(2-x) + (2-x)^2] \\ &= x[10 - 2x - 4x + x^2] = x[x^2 - 6x + 10] \\ a^5b^4 - a^2b &= a^2b(a^3b^3 - 1) = a^2b[(ab)^3 - 1^3] \\ &= a^2b[ab - 1][(ab)^2 + ab + 1] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(x-y)^3 + 54 &= 2[(x-y)^3 + 27] = 2[(x-y)^3 + 3^3] \\ &= 2[(x-y)+3][(x-y)^2 - 3(x-y) + 9] \\ &= 2(x-y+3)[x^2 - 2xy + y^2 - 3x + 3y + 9] \end{aligned}$$

53 When $(2x+1)^3 + (2x-1)^3$ is factorised, the answer is:

A $2(12x^2 + 1)$

B $4x(12x^2 + 1)$

C $2(4x^2 + 3)$

D $\boxed{4x(4x^2 + 3)}$

$$\begin{aligned} (2x+1)^3 + (2x-1)^3 &= [2x+1 + (2x-1)][(2x+1)^2 - (2x+1)(2x-1) + (2x-1)^2] \\ &= 4x[4x^2 + 4x + 4x + 1 + 1 + 1] \\ &= 4x(4x^2 + 3) \end{aligned}$$