

DERIVATIVES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

1 Differentiate with respect to x :

(a) $\sin 3x$

(b) $3 \sin x$

(c) $\cos 2x$

(d) $2 \cos x$

a) $f'(x) = \cos 3x \times 3 = 3 \cos 3x$

b) $f'(x) = 3 \cos x$

c) $f'(x) = 2 \times (-\sin 2x) = -2 \sin 2x$

d) $f'(x) = 2 \times (-\sin x) = -2 \sin x$

(e) $\sin x + 4 \cos x$

(f) $\tan 2x$

(g) $\sin 2x - \cos 2x$

(h) $\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

e) $f'(x) = \cos x - 4 \sin x$ f) $f'(x) = \sec^2 2x \times 2 = 2 \sec^2 2x$

g) $f'(x) = 2 \cos 2x - 2 \times (-\sin 2x) = 2(\cos 2x + \sin 2x)$

h) $f'(x) = \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \times 1 = \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

2 The derivative of $\cos^2 5t$ is:

A $-10 \sin 5t \cos 5t$

B $-10 \cos 5t$

C $-5 \sin 5t \cos 5t$

D $-2 \sin 5t \cos 5t$

$f'(t) = 2 \cos 5t \times (\cos 5t)' = 2 \cos 5t \times (-5 \sin 5t) = -10 \sin 5t \cos 5t$

3 Differentiate with respect to x :

(a) $\sin x \cos x$

(b) $x \sin x$

(c) $2x \tan x$

(d) $x^2 \cos x$

a) $u(x) = \sin x$ $u'(x) = \cos x$ $f'(x) = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = \cos 2x$
 $v(x) = \cos x$ $v'(x) = -\sin x$

b) $u(x) = x$ $u'(x) = 1$ $f'(x) = \sin x + x \cos x$
 $v(x) = \sin x$ $v'(x) = \cos x$

c) $u(x) = 2x$ $u'(x) = 2$ $f'(x) = 2 \tan x + 2x \sec^2 x$
 $v(x) = \tan x$ $v'(x) = \sec^2 x$

d) $u(x) = x^2$ $u'(x) = 2x$
 $v(x) = \cos x$ $v'(x) = -\sin x$

$f'(x) = -x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$

$f'(x) = x [-x \sin x + 2 \cos x]$

DERIVATIVES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

(i) $x \sec x$

(j) $\frac{\operatorname{cosec} x}{x}$

(k) $x^2 \cot x$

(l) $\frac{\sec x}{\operatorname{cosec} x}$

i) $f(x) = \frac{x}{\cos x}$ $u(x) = x$ $u'(x) = 1$
 $v(x) = \cos x$ $v'(x) = -\sin x$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1 \times \cos x - (-\sin x)x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{x}{\cos x} \times \tan x$$

$$f'(x) = \sec x + x \sec x \tan x$$

ii) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x \sin x} = (x \sin x)^{-1}$

if $g(x) = x \sin x = u(x) \times v(x)$

$$u(x) = x \quad u'(x) = 1$$

$$(x \sin x)' = \sin x + x \cos x$$

$$v(x) = \sin x \quad v'(x) = \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = (-1) \times (x \sin x)^{-2} \times (\sin x + x \cos x)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-\sin x - x \cos x}{x^2 \sin^2 x} = \frac{-1}{x^2 \sin x} - \frac{\cos x}{x^2 \sin^2 x}$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{\sec x}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} \cot x \csc x$$

iii) $u(x) = x^2 \quad u'(x) = 2x$ $v(x) = \cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \rightarrow v'(x) = \frac{-\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = -\csc^2 x$

$$f'(x) = 2x \cot x + x^2 (-\csc^2 x) = 2x \cot x - x^2 \csc^2 x$$

iv) $\frac{\sec x}{\operatorname{cosec} x} = \frac{1}{\cos x} \times \sin x = \tan x$

$$\text{so } f'(x) = \sec^2 x$$

DERIVATIVES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

5 Differentiate with respect to x :

(a) $\cos^2 2x$

(b) $\sin^2 3x$

(c) $\cos^3 x$

(d) $\cos(x^3)$

$$a) f'(x) = 2 \cos 2x \times (\cos 2x)' = 2 \cos 2x \times (-\sin 2x \times 2)$$

$$f'(x) = -4 \sin 2x \cos 2x = -2 \sin 4x$$

$$b) f'(x) = 2 \sin 3x (\sin 3x)' = 2 \sin 3x \times \cos 3x \times 3 = 3 \sin 6x$$

$$c) f'(x) = 3 \cos^2 x \times (\cos x)' = 3 \cos^2 x \times (-\sin x)$$

$$d) f'(x) = -\sin(x^3) \times 3x^2$$

$$f'(x) = -3x^2 \sin(x^3)$$

DERIVATIVES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

6 Find $f'(x)$ for $f(x) = 3 \sin \frac{x}{2} - 4 \cos \frac{3x}{2} - x^3$. Indicate whether each statement below is a correct or incorrect step in finding $f'(x)$.

(a) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(3 \sin \frac{x}{2} \right) = \frac{3}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}$ yes

(b) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(4 \cos \frac{3x}{2} \right) = 6 \sin \frac{3x}{2}$ NO

(c) $f'(x) = \frac{3}{2} \cos \frac{3x}{2} - 6 \sin \frac{3x}{2} - 3x^2$ NO

(d) $f'(x) = \frac{3}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} + 6 \sin \frac{3x}{2} - 3x^2$ yes

$$f'(x) = 3 \times \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \times \frac{3}{2} \left(-\sin \frac{3x}{2}\right) - 3x^2$$



7 Differentiate with respect to x :

(a) $\sqrt{\sin 2x}$

(b) $(\sin x - \cos x)^2$

(c) $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x$

a) $f(x) = (\sin 2x)^{1/2}$ $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} (\sin 2x)^{-1/2} \times (\sin 2x)'$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{\sin 2x}} \times 2 \cos 2x = \frac{\cos 2x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x}}$$

b) $(\sin x - \cos x)^2 = \sin^2 x - 2 \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x$
 $\quad \quad \quad = 1 - 2 \sin x \cos x = 1 - \sin 2x$

So $f'(x) = -2 \cos 2x$

c) $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$

so $f'(x) = 0$

DERIVATIVES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

8 Differentiate with respect to x :

(a) $e^x \sin x$

(b) $e^{2x} \cos \frac{x}{2}$

(c) $e^{-x} \sin 3x$

(d) $e^x \cos 4x$

$$a) f(x) = e^x \cos x + e^x \sin x = e^x (\sin x + \cos x)$$

$$b) f(x) = u(x) \times v(x) \quad \begin{array}{l} u(x) = e^{2x} \\ v(x) = \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} u'(x) = 2e^{2x} \\ v'(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\sin\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{array}$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{e^{2x} \sin x/2}{2} + 2e^{2x} \cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$f'(x) = e^{2x} \left[\frac{\cos x}{2} - \frac{\sin(x/2)}{2} \right]$$

$$c) \begin{array}{l} u(x) = e^{-x} \\ v(x) = \sin 3x \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} u'(x) = -e^{-x} \\ v'(x) = 3 \cos 3x \end{array}$$

$$f'(x) = -e^{-x} \sin 3x + 3e^{-x} \cos 3x$$

$$f'(x) = e^{-x} [3 \cos 3x - \sin 3x]$$

$$d) \begin{array}{l} u(x) = e^x \\ v(x) = \cos 4x \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} u'(x) = e^x \\ v'(x) = -4 \sin 4x \end{array}$$

$$f'(x) = e^x \cos 4x - 4e^x \sin 4x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x [\cos 4x - 4 \sin 4x]$$

DERIVATIVES OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

(e) $(\cos x + \sin x)e^{-x}$

(f) $e^{\sin 2x}$

(g) $e^{\cos x}$

(h) $e^{\sin x + \cos x}$

$$e) \quad u(x) = e^{-x} \quad u'(x) = -e^{-x}$$

$$v(x) = \cos x + \sin x \quad v'(x) = -\sin x + \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = -e^{-x}(\cos x + \sin x) + e^{-x}(-\sin x + \cos x)$$

$$f'(x) = e^{-x}[-\cancel{\cos x} - \sin x - \sin x + \cancel{\cos x}]$$

$$f'(x) = -2 \sin x e^{-x}$$

$$f) \quad (e^{\sin 2x})' = e^{\sin 2x} \times (\sin 2x)'$$

$$= e^{\sin 2x} \times 2 \cos 2x = 2 \cos 2x e^{\sin 2x}$$

$$g) \quad (e^{\cos x})' = e^{\cos x} \times (\cos x)' = e^{\cos x} \times (-\sin x)$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin x e^{\cos x}$$

$$h) \quad (e^{\sin x + \cos x})' = e^{\sin x + \cos x} \times (\sin x + \cos x)'$$

$$= e^{\sin x + \cos x} \times (\cos x - \sin x)$$