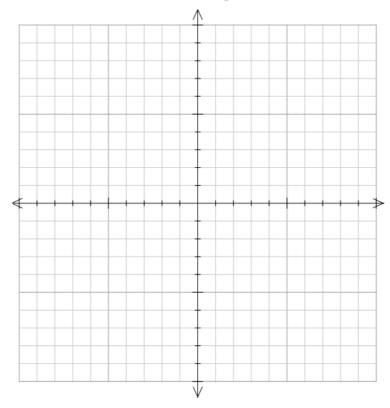
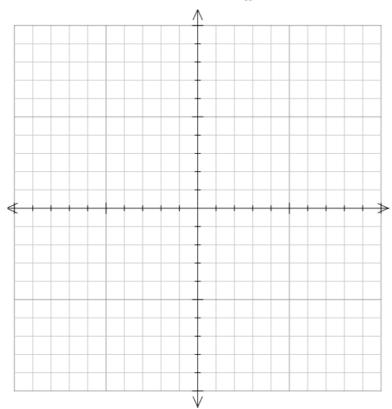
- 1 (a) Sketch the graph of y = 1/(2x-1).
  (b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where x = 1.
  - (c) Find the equation of the normal to the curve at point where x = -1.
  - (d) Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of the tangent and normal found in parts (b) and (c).

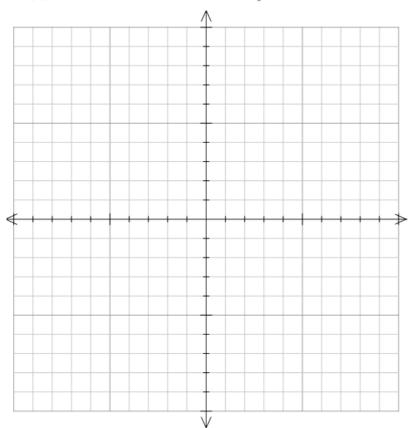


- (a) Sketch the curve y = x + 1/x, showing its asymptotes.
  (b) Find the coordinates of the turning points of y = x + 1/x and determine their nature.
  (c) What is the least value of x + 1/x over the domain x > 0?



- 3 (a) Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = e^x + 4e^{-x}$ . (b) For what values of x is f'(x) > 0?

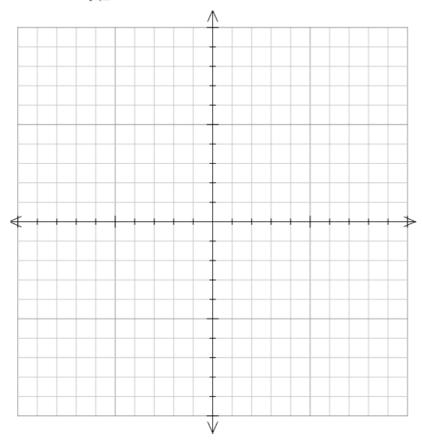
  - (c) What is the minimum value of f(x) and when does it occur?



- **4** (a) Sketch the graph of  $f(t) = \frac{5}{2 + 3e^{-t}}$ ,  $t \ge 0$ .
- **(b)** Show that f'(t) > 0 for all values of t in the domain.

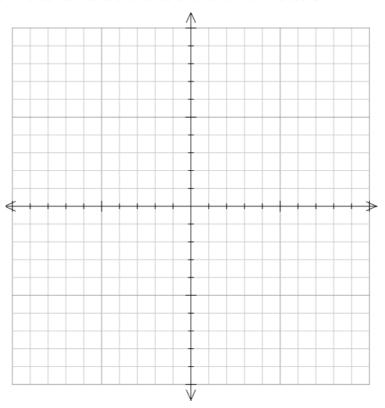
(c) Find  $\lim_{t\to\infty} f(t)$ .

(d) What is the range of the function?



- 5 f(x) is defined by the rule  $f(x) = e^{-x}\cos x$  over the domain  $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{3\pi}{2}$ . (a) Find the values of f(0),  $f(\frac{\pi}{2})$ ,  $f(\pi)$ . (b) Find f'(x).
  - (a) Find the values of f(0),  $f(\frac{\pi}{2})$ ,  $f(\pi)$ .

- (c) Show that f'(0) = -1,  $f'\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) = 0$  and  $f'\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0$ . (d) Sketch the graph of y = f(x).
- (e) Find the maximum value of f(x) over the domain and the value of x for which it occurs.



- 9 The diagram consists of a rectangle surmounted by an isosceles triangle with dimensions as shown.
  - (a) Show that the height of the isosceles triangle is 1.2 x.
  - (b) Show that the total area of the figure is given by  $A = xy + 0.6x^2$ .
  - (c) If the perimeter of the figure is 48 metres, express y in terms of x.
  - (d) Find the expression for A(x) as a function of x only.
  - (e) Sketch the graph of y = A(x).
  - (f) Find the dimensions of the diagram that give a maximum area and state that area.

