- **1** Solve for values of  $\theta$  and x between 0 and  $2\pi$  inclusive:
  - (a)  $\sin\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- **(b)**  $\tan x = -1$
- (c)  $\cos x = -0.5$  (d)  $\sqrt{3} \tan \theta = 1$

- **1** Solve for values of  $\theta$  and x between 0 and  $2\pi$  inclusive:
- (e)  $\sin 2\theta = -\frac{1}{2}$  (f)  $\csc \theta = -2$  (g)  $\cot 2x = \sqrt{3}$  (h)  $\sec 2\theta = \sqrt{2}$

- **3** The solution to  $\sqrt{2} \sin 2\theta + 1 = 0$  for  $0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$  is:
  - A  $\frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$
- $B = \frac{5\pi}{8}, \frac{7\pi}{8}$
- C  $\frac{5\pi}{8}, \frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{13\pi}{8}, \frac{15\pi}{8}$  D  $\frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}, \frac{13\pi}{4}, \frac{15\pi}{4}$

- 4 Solve for  $-\pi \le x \le \pi$ : (a)  $2\cos 2x + 1 = 0$

**5** Solve between 0 and  $2\pi$  inclusive:

(a) 
$$\sin\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 (b)  $\tan\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = -\sqrt{3}$  (c)  $\cos\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$ 

(b) 
$$\tan\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = -\sqrt{3}$$

(c) 
$$\cos\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

- **5** Solve between 0 and  $2\pi$  inclusive:
- (e)  $\tan\left(2\theta \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 1 = 0$  (f)  $2\cos\left(2x \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3}$

- 7 If  $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ , the solution to  $\sin x \le \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  is:

- **A**  $x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$  **B**  $x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$  or  $x \ge \frac{2\pi}{3}$  **C**  $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$  or  $x \ge \frac{2\pi}{3}$  **D**  $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{3}$  or  $\frac{2\pi}{3} \le x \le 2\pi$

- 8 If  $0 \le x \le 2\pi$ , solve: (a)  $\sin x \ge \frac{1}{2}$  (b)  $\cos x < \frac{1}{2}$