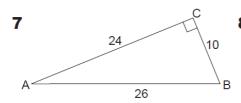
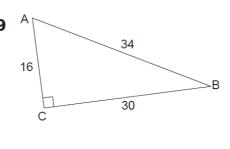
For each of the following triangles, complete the table below and verify that the square on the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the squares on the other two sides.



15



	а	b	С	a <sup>2</sup>	b²	C <sup>2</sup>	$a^2 + b^2$
7							
8							
9							

QUESTION **1** Use your calculator to find the following squares.

**a** 
$$15^2 =$$

**b** 
$$13^2 =$$

\_\_\_\_\_ 
$$\mathbf{c}$$
 40<sup>2</sup> =

**d** 
$$28^2 =$$

**e** 
$$5^2$$
 =

$$\mathbf{f} = 60^2 -$$

QUESTION **2** Use the square root key to find n.

**a** 
$$n^2 = 169$$
 \_\_\_\_\_ **b**  $n^2 = 841$  \_\_\_\_ **c**  $n^2 = 576$ 

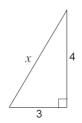
$$n^2 = 576$$

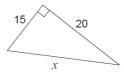
**d** 
$$n^2 = 4761$$
 **e**  $n^2 = 100$  **f**  $n^2 = 1444$ 

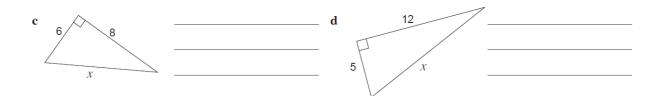
$$n^2 - 100$$

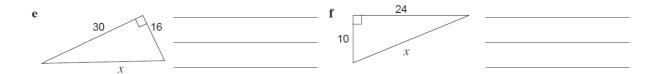
$$\mathbf{f}$$
  $n^2 = 1444$ 

QUESTION 1 Find the length of the hypotenuse in each of the following. (All measurements are in centimetres.)









QUESTION **4** Prove that the following triangles are right angled triangles.

