

INDEX LAWS FOR MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

$$a^n \times a^m = a^{n+m}$$

examples: $3^2 \times 3^4 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^6$

$$2^3 \times 2^5 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^8$$

$$a^n \div a^m = a^{n-m}$$

example:

$$3^4 \div 3^2 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \div 3 \div 3 = 3^{4-2} = 3^2$$

POWER OF ZERO - POWER OF POWER

if $a \neq 0$ $a^0 = a^{n-n} = a^n \div a^n = 1$ so $a^0 = 1$

example: $(3^4)^0 = 1$

$$(a^n)^m = a^{n \times m}$$

example:

$$(2^4)^2 = (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) = 2^{4 \times 2} = 2^8$$