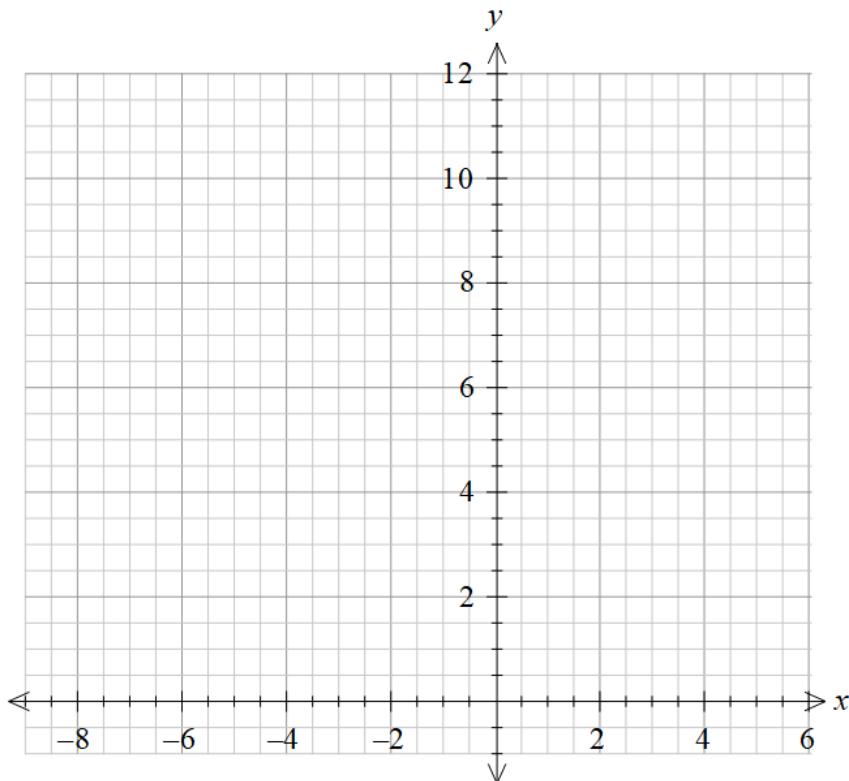


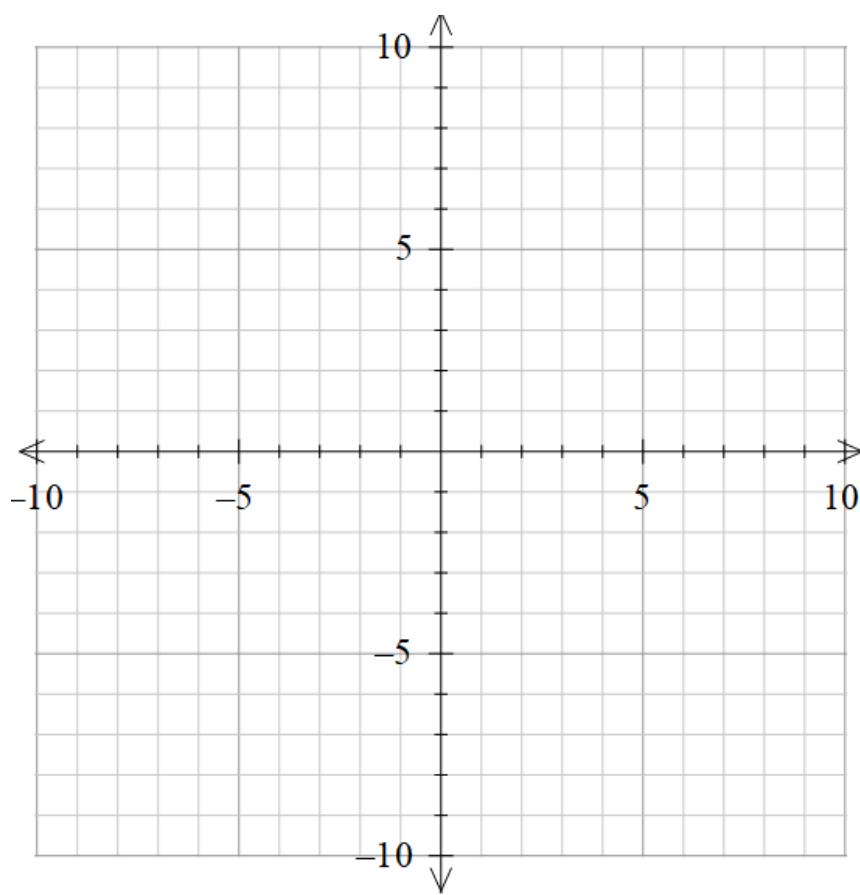
TRANSFORMATIONS OF GRAPHS USING $y = kf(x)$ AND $y = kf(x+b)$

1 On the same diagram, draw the graph of each equation, stating the dilation factor.

(a) $y = x^2$, $y = 3x^2$, $y = 3(x + 2)^2$

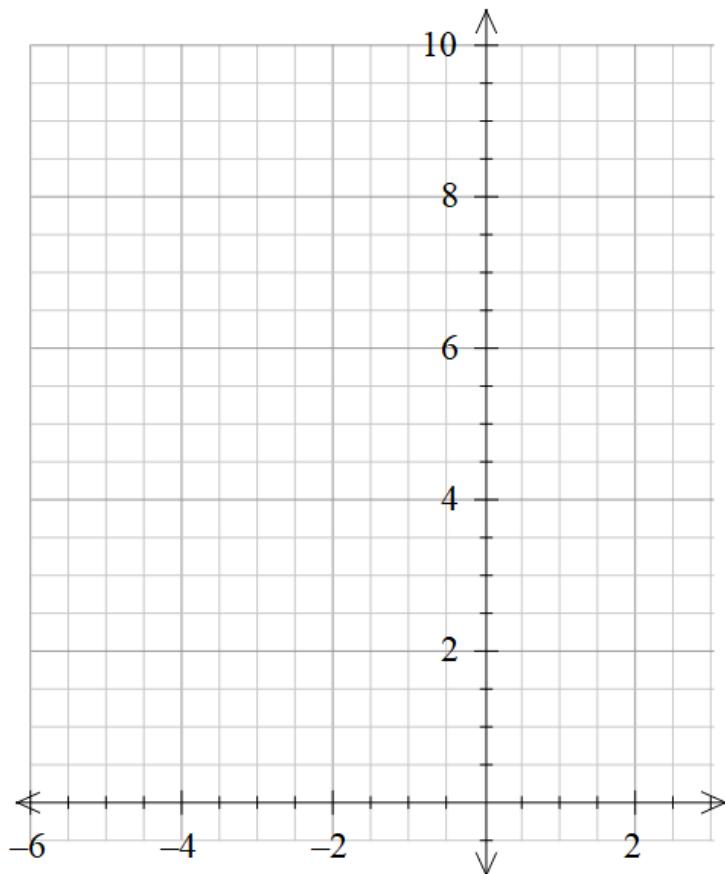


(b) $y = x^3$, $y = 2x^3$, $y = 2(x - 1)^3$



TRANSFORMATIONS OF GRAPHS USING $y = k f(x)$ AND $y = k f(x+b)$

(a) $y = e^x$, $y = \frac{e^x}{2}$, $y = \frac{e^{x-1}}{2}$



(b) $y = \sin x$, $y = 2 \sin x$, $y = 2 \sin \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$ for $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$

