

SIMPLIFYING RATIOS

If each number in a ratio is multiplied or divided by the same amount, an **equivalent ratio** is formed.

Example: 1:3 and 2:6 and 10:30 are equivalent ratios

Ratios in **simplest form** use **whole numbers that have no common factor**.

Example 1: the simplest form of the ratio 10:30 is **1:3**

Example 2: the simplest form of the ratio 0.1:0.4 is **1:4**

Example 3: the simplest form of the ratio 0.25:1.25 is **1:5**

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■ Simplifying ratios

A ratio is simplified by dividing both numbers in the ratio by their highest common factor (HCF). For example, the ratio 15 : 25 can be simplified to 3 : 5.

$$\begin{array}{c} \div 5 \\ \curvearrowright \\ 15 : 25 = 3 : 5 \\ \curvearrowleft \\ \div 5 \end{array}$$

- It is convention to express ratios in their simplest form.
- Ratios in simplest form use whole numbers only.
- If a ratio is expressed with fractions, it is simplified by converting the quantities to whole numbers. This is generally done by multiplying by the lowest common denominator (LCD).
- Before ratios are simplified the quantities must be expressed in the same unit.