

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

1 For the continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{13}(x^2 + 4), & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find, correct to four decimal places:

(a) $P(X \leq 0.75)$ (b) $P(X \leq 0.9)$ (c) $P(X \geq 0.25)$ (d) $P(X \geq 0.65)$

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

3 For the continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{13}(x^2 + 4), & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find, correct to four decimal places, the following values:

- (a) the mean
- (b) the standard deviation.

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

6 For the continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{15000(x-50)}{x^4}, & x \geq 50 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find the median, correct to the nearest whole number.

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

7 If $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{45} + k, & 0 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

defines a probability density function, then the value of k is:

- A 0 B $-\frac{1}{10}$ C $\frac{1}{10}$ D $\frac{1}{2}$

8 For the continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x}{25}, & 0 \leq x \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find, correct to four decimal places:

- (a) $P(1.5 \leq X \leq 2.5)$

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

9 If $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{12} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{6}\right), & 0 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

then $P(X \leq 3)$ is equal to:

- A** 0.45 **B** 0.5 **C** 0.55 **D** 0.6

10 For the uniform continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & 0 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

find the following values:

- (a) k (b) $P(X \leq 3)$ (c) $P(X \leq 5)$

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

- 12** In the javelin competition at a primary schools athletics carnival, it is found that the distance s metres that the javelin is thrown is a continuous random variable with probability density function:

$$f(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{486}(81 - s^2), & 0 \leq s \leq 9 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find:

- (a) the mean distance the javelin is thrown
- (b) the standard deviation for the distance the javelin is thrown
- (c) the median distance the javelin is thrown.

CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

16 Consider the function f whose graph is shown.

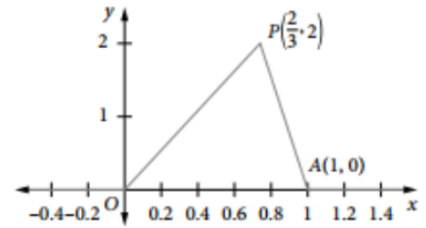
(a) Show that the function could be used to represent a probability density function. Explain your answer using mathematical reasoning.

(b) Specify the rule of f .

(c) Consider a continuous random variable, X , with probability density function f . Calculate $P\left(X < \frac{2}{3}\right)$ and $P\left(X > \frac{2}{3}\right)$ using the areas of the triangles.

(d) Consider a continuous random variable X with probability density function f . Calculate $P\left(X < \frac{2}{3}\right)$ and $P\left(X > \frac{2}{3}\right)$ using integration. Comment on the results from parts (c) and (d).

(e) Calculate $P\left(\frac{1}{2} < X < \frac{5}{6}\right)$, using integration.



CONTINUOUS PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS