

RATES

Rates compare quantities measured in different units.

The two different units are separated by a slash “/”

Example: 20 km/hr (“20 kilometres per hour”)

Rates are generally written in their simplest form.

The **average rate** is calculated by dividing the total change in one quantity by the total change in the second.

Example: reading a 400-page book in 4 days

The average reading rate is 100 pages per day

Example 12 Writing simplified rates

Express each of the following as a simplified rate.

a 12 students for two teachers

b \$28 for 4 kilograms

SOLUTION

a 6 students/teacher

b \$7/kg

EXPLANATION

12 students for 2 teachers
 $\div 2$ $\div 2$
6 students for 1 teacher

\$28 for 4 kg
 $\div 4$ $\div 4$
\$7 for 1 kg

Example 14 Reviewing the unitary method

Andrea travels 105 km in seven identical car trips from home to school. How far would she travel in 11 such car trips?

SOLUTION

7 car trips = 105 km
 $\div 7$ $\div 7$
1 car trip = 15 km
 $\times 11$ $\times 11$
11 car trips = 165 km

Andrea travels 165 km.

EXPLANATION

Find the value of 1 unit by dividing both quantities by 7.

Solve the problem by multiplying both quantities by 11.